

Deep Reversals and Dissociation

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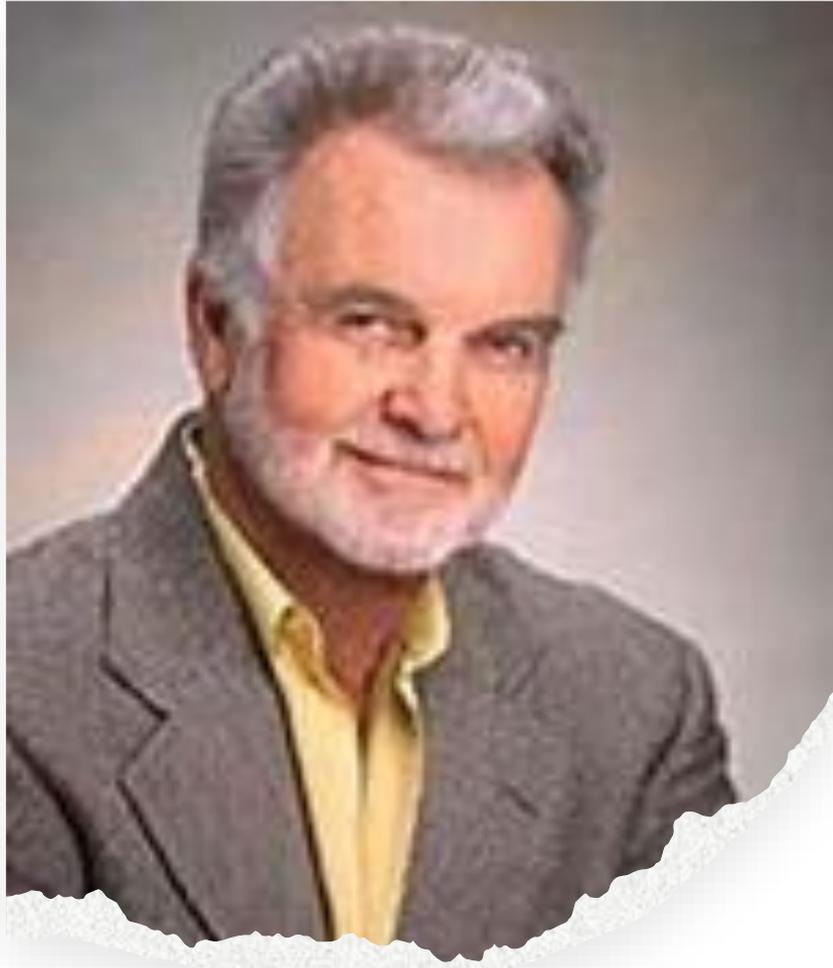


BLUE DIAMOND HEALING

Exploring Transpersonal
and Transdimensional Aspects
of Energy Psychotherapy

Points to cover

- Origins of the concept of psychological reversal – what Callahan said about it – and his ways of countering it
- Deep reversals and the link with dissociation
- Traumatic dissociation: ‘I am not here’
- Psychodynamics of reversals
- Conflict of parts



Roger Callahan's discovery of psychological reversal through muscle testing his patients

- “I found to my chagrin that a large number of my clients got weak when they thought of getting better and stronger when they thought of getting worse. No wonder psychotherapy is so difficult!” [1985: *The Five-Minute Phobia Cure*, p 49].

Importance of reversals

- One of Dr Callahan's most important discoveries was that of psychological reversal.
- Reversals are psychological (unless due to energy toxins or deep malformations in the energy system) **and** energetic.
- Reversals will block therapeutic progress within any therapeutic modality.

ILLNESS & REVERSAL

- States of illness are always reversed
- A part of the body that is ill will register a reversal
- These are literal reversals of voltage – Callahan's explorations with voltmeters

Energetic and mental dimensions

- Reversals have both an energetic and a cognitive-emotional dimension.
- They may also express psychodynamic conflict – a less conscious anxiety is maintaining the conscious anxiety.
- Through combining language and muscle testing we correlate the information in the mind and in the energy field.
- Precise wording – like unlocking a computer code.

Precision of language in locating reversals

- The human bio-computer is exquisitely sensitive to precise nuances of meaning. The following sentences are very similar yet may evoke different muscle responses.
- “I want to be over this problem”
- “I want to be completely over this problem”
- “I will be over this problem”
- “I will be completely over this problem”
- “I will remain completely over this problem”
- “I believe I can be over this problem”
- “I believe I am over this problem”

Forms of Reversal

The main forms of psychological reversal identified within TFT:

- Massive/Global/General.
- Specific
- Recurrent
- Mini
- Level 2 [Future: “I will be better”].
- Level 3 [“I want to be even better”]

- Later investigators focused more on the psychological motivations behind reversals

Callahan's three ways of correcting reversals

- Tapping side of hand (small intestine meridian)
- A statement of self-acceptance – “Even though I have this problem, I accept myself”
- Bach flower remedy Rescue Remedy

Massive/Global reversal

- “I want to be well” tests no (muscle weak)
 - “I want to be happy” tests no (muscle weak)
 - “I want to be alive” tests no
 - “I want to be sick/ill/miserable” tests yes

 - In this condition, the person will (probably) not respond well to any form of EP, or indeed any form of psychotherapy
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Possible causative factors

- The person is very depressed and is suicidal
- The person is ill, or has recently been ill, or is currently affected by a pathogen or an environmental 'energy toxin'
- The person is alcoholic
- The person's energy system is adversely affected by medication they are taking
- The person's energy system went into reverse in response to a trauma – whether recent or years ago (MT for when – then target that experience)

Characteristics of deep reversals

- Reversals of the desire for life and love – features of the Freudian/Kleinian ‘death instinct’
- A deep reversal will lead to long and unfruitful psychotherapy
- A dissociation from the core self
- A severance from the higher dimensions – monadic collapse – reversal of the spinning merkaba fields
- Deeply disturbed people – in states of psychosis, severe depression, alcoholism, addiction, etc. – are always deeply reversed

'Parts' reversals

- Muscle test may be strong to “I want to be over this problem” but weak to “All parts of me want to be over this problem”.
- The human system seems naturally to be organised into parts (not just people with dissociative identity disorder).

‘Parts not in the body’ treat like a reversal

- Muscle test:
- “All parts of me are in my body”
- “One or more parts of me are not in my body”
- “Those parts of me are willing to return”
- Cross hands over heart chakra – welcome all parts home.
- **NB. This process is not for severe DID**

Part envy

- “Part of me would be envious of the rest of me if I were happy/free of this problem”
- This is likely to be a repudiated and split off part that has felt left out
- The ‘false self’ (negative ego) may envy and fear the ‘true self’.
- NB. The ‘true self’ is always an unknown evolving self – the unknown Other within

Psychodynamic content of reversals

- Safety (to self and others)
- Deservedness/Guilt/Shame
- Identity
- Vengeance
- Intergenerational connectedness
- Feeling of betraying one's history and childhood self
- Wish for a long-term therapeutic relationship.

Anxieties and meta-anxieties

- Meta-anxieties are the hidden anxieties that hold the surface anxieties in place.
- The thought behind the meta-anxiety may be quite specific and idiosyncratic: “it is not safe to overcome this anxiety because ...”



Trauma- based global beliefs about safety

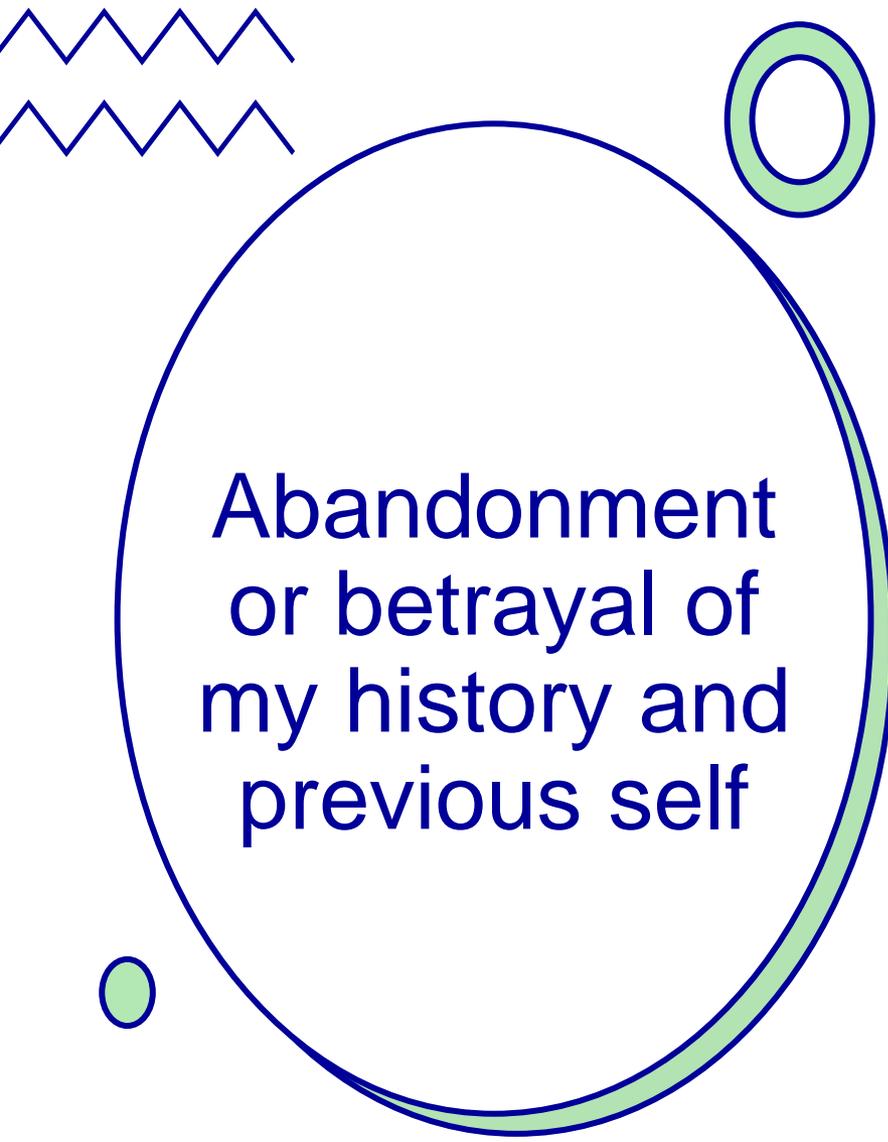
- Those who have experienced multiple abuse or abandonment in childhood may have absolute core beliefs that it is not safe to trust anyone.
- “It is always dangerous to trust another human being”.
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- This can lead to a paranoid transference – the more the person begins to trust the therapist, the more the distrust is triggered

Vengeance

- “I want to keep this problem as a reproach and punishment to others”.
- The underlying attitude/thought is: “If I get over this problem, they will have got away with what they did to me ... as if it did not matter what they did”.

Intergenerational connectedness

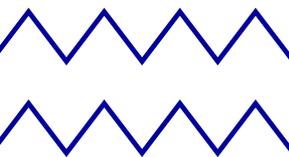
- “I will still remain lovingly connected to my mother/father/family/ancestors if I am over this problem”
- The underlying attitude/thought may be: “We are the kind of people who have this kind of problem”.



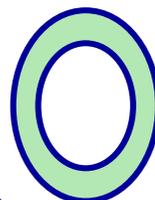
Abandonment or betrayal of my history and previous self

- “If I recover completely from this problem, I will be abandoning my own history and previous self”
- This is a very common and profound internal objection to full resolution of problems
- Have the client tap side of hand whilst saying: “I can remember and honour my previous self and history whilst moving on completely from this problem”





Wish for a
long-term
therapeutic
relationship



- The client's (partially unconscious) agenda may be to establish a long-term therapeutic relationship
- - that will provide gratifications and nurturance to compensate for the traumas and deprivations of the past.
- The promise of rapid relief through EP may be utterly at odds with this agenda.



Reversals provide a rapid route to childhood traumas and conflicts

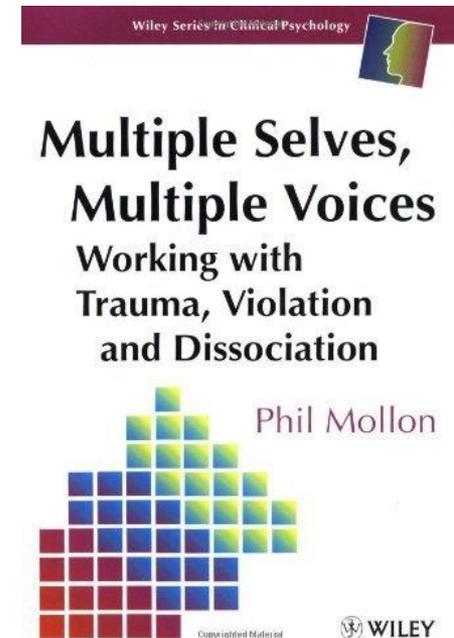
- Reversals can take us directly to childhood trauma and patterns of conflict
- On encountering a reversal, we are at a choice point
- We can neutralise it (tapping side of hand)
- We can enquire into its nature, content, and origins – by asking “what comes to mind?”

Deservedness and Safety Reversals

- Deservedness and Safety reversals provide particularly good windows to core childhood traumas and conflicts
- We can break off from the original target thought field and instead track the reversal
- The Thought Field shifts to “the roots and origins of feeling it is not safe/do not deserve to be over this problem”

Dissociative Identity Disorder

- A result of repeated interpersonal childhood trauma by caregivers – no escape other than through dissociation
- Dissociative parts may have a hypnotic or dreamlike quality, frozen in time
- Such parts are always reversed
- Working with DID is very challenging and hazardous – like family or group therapy with one person



Origins of DID

- The origin of DID is a young child pretending 'I am not here – I am not experiencing this'
- The 'pretence' structures the personality
- Escape to other-dimensional realms
- Child parts, frozen in trauma and the mode of cognition of a child
- Other parts have evolved to cope
- The entire system may experience therapy as very threatening – danger of evoking internal 'civil war'

Reversal and dissociation

- Reversal and dissociation are both ways of opting out of living and expanding in the present
- They can both be responses to trauma
- Both can express a feeling that it is not safe or desirable or permitted to be alive in the present

The vertical split in the personality (Kohut)

- 1. An outward socially competent self
- 2. A hidden vulnerable depressed and anxious self
- Much of the time, the second self may be very hidden, but may be triggered by certain emotional traumas
- Kohut described this as a vertical split. The outward looking self gains approval and social reward
- This can be a feature of 'highly sensitive' people, or those who are somewhat on the autistic spectrum (but in a hidden way)

